### 106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 2617

To lift the trade embargo on Cuba, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 24, 2000

Mr. Baucus (for himself, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Dorgan, Mrs. Lincoln, and Mr. Jeffords) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

### A BILL

To lift the trade embargo on Cuba, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Trade Normalization
- 5 With Cuba Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) with the end of the Cold War and the col-
- 9 lapse of the Soviet Union, Cuba is no longer a threat
- to the United States or the Western Hemisphere;

- 1 (2) the continuation of the embargo on trade 2 between the United States and Cuba that was de-3 clared in February of 1962 is counterproductive, 4 adding to the hardships of the Cuban people while 5 making the United States the scapegoat for the fail-6 ures of the communist system;
  - (3) in the former Soviet Union, the Eastern bloc countries, China, and Vietnam, the United States is using economic, cultural, academic, and scientific engagement to support its policy of promoting democratic and human rights reforms; and
- 12 (4) the United States can best support demo-13 cratic change in Cuba by promoting trade and com-14 merce, travel, communications, and cultural, aca-15 demic, and scientific exchanges.

## 16 SEC. 3. REMOVAL OF PROVISIONS RESTRICTING TRADE

- 17 AND OTHER RELATIONS WITH CUBA.
- 18 (a) AUTHORITY FOR EMBARGO AND SUGAR 19 QUOTA.—Section 620(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 20 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2370(a)) is repealed.
- 21 (b) Trading With the Enemy Act.—The authori-
- 22 ties conferred upon the President by section 5(b) of the
- 23 Trading With the Enemy Act, which were being exercised
- 24 with respect to Cuba on July 1, 1977, as a result of a
- 25 national emergency declared by the President before that

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1	date, and are being exercised on the day before the effec-
2	tive date of this Act, may not be exercised on or after
3	such effective date with respect to Cuba. Any regulations
4	in effect on the day before such effective date pursuant
5	to the exercise of such authorities, shall cease to be effec-
6	tive on such date.
7	(e) Exercise of Authorities Under Other Pro-
8	VISIONS OF LAW.—
9	(1) Removal of prohibitions.—Any prohibi-
10	tion on exports to Cuba that is in effect on the day
11	before the effective date of this Act under the Ex-
12	port Administration Act of 1979 shall cease to be ef-
13	fective on such effective date.
14	(2) AUTHORITY FOR NEW RESTRICTIONS.—The
15	President may, on and after the effective date of this
16	Act—
17	(A) impose export controls with respect to
18	Cuba under section 5, $6(j)$ , $6(l)$ , or $6(m)$ of the
19	Export Administration Act of 1979, and
20	(B) exercise the authorities he has under
21	the International Emergency Economic Powers
22	Act with respect to Cuba pursuant to a declara-
23	tion of national emergency required by that Act
24	that is made on account of an unusual and ex-
25	traordinary threat, that did not exist before the

1	enactment of this Act, to the national security
2	foreign policy, or economy of the United States
3	(d) CUBAN DEMOCRACY ACT.—The Cuban Democ-
4	racy Act of 1992 (22 U.S.C. 6001 and following) is re-
5	pealed.
6	(e) Repeal of Cuban Liberty and Democratic
7	SOLIDARITY (LIBERTAD) ACT OF 1996.—
8	(1) Repeal.—The Cuban Liberty and Demo-
9	cratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 is re-
10	pealed.
11	(2) Conforming Amendments.—(A) Section
12	498A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22
13	U.S.C. 2295a) is amended—
14	(i) in subsection (a)(11) by striking "and
15	intelligence facilities, including the military and
16	intelligence facilities at Lourdes and Cien-
17	fuegos," and inserting "facilities,";
18	(ii) in subsection (b)—
19	(I) in paragraph (4) by adding "and
20	after the semicolon;
21	(II) by striking paragraph (5); and
22	(III) by redesignating paragraph (6)
23	as paragraph (5); and
24	(iii) by striking subsection (d).

1	(B) Section 498B(k) of the Foreign Assistance
2	Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2295b(k)) is amended by
3	striking paragraphs (3) and (4).
4	(C) Section 1611 of title 28, United States
5	Code, is amended by striking subsection (c).
6	(D) Sections 514 and 515 of the International
7	Claims Settlement Act of 1949 (22 U.S.C. 1643l
8	and 1643m) are repealed.
9	(f) TERMINATION OF DENIAL OF FOREIGN TAX
10	CREDIT WITH RESPECT TO CUBA.—Subparagraph (A) of
11	section $901(j)(2)$ of the Internal Revenue Code of $1986$
12	(relating to denial of foreign tax credit, etc., with respect
13	to certain foreign countries) is amended by adding at the
14	end thereof the following new flush sentence:
15	"Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, this
16	subsection shall not apply to Cuba after the
17	date which is 60 days after the date of the en-
18	actment of this sentence.".
19	(g) Sugar Quota Prohibition Under Food Se-
20	CURITY ACT OF 1985.—Section 902(c) of the Food Secu-
21	rity Act of 1985 is repealed.
22	SEC. 4. TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT AND FACILI-
23	TIES.
24	Any common carrier within the meaning of section
25	3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153)

- 1 is authorized to install, maintain, and repair telecommuni-
- 2 cations equipment and facilities in Cuba, and otherwise
- 3 provide telecommunications services between the United
- 4 States and Cuba. The authority of this section includes
- 5 the authority to upgrade facilities and equipment.

#### 6 SEC. 5. TRAVEL.

- 7 (a) In General.—Travel to and from Cuba by indi-
- 8 viduals who are citizens or residents of the United States,
- 9 and any transactions ordinarily incident to such travel,
- 10 may not be regulated or prohibited if such travel would
- 11 be lawful in the United States.
- 12 (b) Transactions Incident to Travel.—Any
- 13 transactions ordinarily incident to travel which may not
- 14 be regulated or prohibited under subsection (a) include—
- 15 (1) transactions ordinarily incident to travel or
- 16 maintenance in Cuba; and
- 17 (2) normal banking transactions involving for-
- eign currency drafts, traveler's checks, or other ne-
- 19 gotiable instruments incident to such travel.

### 20 SEC. 6. DIRECT MAIL DELIVERY TO CUBA.

- The United States Postal Service shall take such ac-
- 22 tions as are necessary to provide direct mail service to and
- 23 from Cuba, including, in the absence of common carrier
- 24 service between the 2 countries, the use of charter pro-
- 25 viders.

### SEC. 7. NEGOTIATIONS WITH CUBA.

- 2 (a) Negotiations.—The President should take all
- 3 necessary steps to conduct negotiations with the Govern-
- 4 ment of Cuba—
- 5 (1) for the purpose of settling claims of nation-
- 6 als of the United States against the Government of
- 7 Cuba for the taking of property by such government;
- 8 and
- 9 (2) for the purpose of securing the protection of
- internationally recognized human rights.
- 11 (b) Definitions.—In this section, the terms "na-
- 12 tional of the United States" and "property" have the
- 13 meanings given those terms in section 502 of the Inter-
- 14 national Claims Settlement Act of 1949 (22 U.S.C.
- 15 1643a).
- 16 SEC. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 17 This Act shall take effect 60 days after the date of
- 18 the enactment of this Act.

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